

**Ken Inglis**  
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04/15/2001 08:41 AM

To: parshall\_timothy\_f@lilly.com  
cc:  
Subject: Fw: Allison Data Global Press Release - Draft 1 (ICSR)

ZY 2230 1648

FYI - did cc this to you but for some reason it would not go through

> -----  
> From: Ken Inglis <ken.inglis@village.uunet.be>  
> To: smith\_andrea\_k@lilly.com  
> Cc: penny\_read@uk.cohnwolfe.com  
> Subject: Allison Data Global Press Release - Draft 1 (ICSR)  
> Date: 15 April 2001 15:38  
>  
>  
> Dear Andrea  
>  
> Here is the release announcing the Allison data to be presented at ICSR.  
> I  
> have endeavoured to stay close to the data and hope I have been  
successful  
> in interpreting it correctly.  
>  
> Couple of points, Patrizia wanted me to refer to glucose changes or  
> glyceic changes rather than diabetes or hyperglycemia in the release,  
> which I have tried to do when reporting directly on the data (in a number  
> of cases I've referred to glucose elevations rather than changes as this  
is  
> what is referred to in the "Olanzapine - Blood Glucose Changes" the  
summary  
> document you emailed to me as part of the briefing materials for this  
> release). However, when trying to explain the significance of the data  
to  
> the wider world (ie the medical press) I have introduced the terms  
diabetes  
> and hyperglycemia. Mainly because case reports/review articles attacking  
> olanzapine on this issue, talk about olanzapine creating an increased  
risk  
> of hyperglycemia or diabetes, not glyceic change (hence my interest in  
> finding out what the four important glyceic thresholds referred to in  
the  
> data mean in clinical practice). Your own global market research found  
> that many psychs believe Zyprexa is the most likely antipsychotic to  
cause  
> diabetes - we should clearly refute this using consistent terminology.  
>  
> Secondly, Patrizia recommended we did not mention placebo data (due to  
its  
> limitations) - however in a poster you sent over of the Allison data one  
of  
> the conclusion points states "Further, the relative hazards of  
experiencing  
> a diabetic event associated with glucose thresholds to or above 126, 140,  
> 160 or 200 mg/dl were not significantly different between olanzapine and  
> haloperidol, PLACEBO, or risperidone." I'm a bit confused as to why  
> placebo is included in the poster but not thought suitable for the press  
> release? Or have I completely got the wrong end of the stick? We should  
> remember that the competition is happy to claim a link between olanzapine  
> and hyperglycemia/diabetes based on relatively few flimsy case reports.  
>  
> I realise timing is tight on this release - would it be possible to skip  
EU  
> approval in this case (ie for a straightforward data release for the  
> medical press)? - after all the release still has to go through each  
> affiliate's local approval before being sent to the press. It would be  
> great if we could get this out to affiliates on the 23 April (to give  
them  
> a week to translate, adapt and approve). If we can send this release out  
> to all affiliates with just global, we would need final global approval  
by  
> the 23rd. If we have to involve the EU approval system we would need  
final  
> global approval by Wednesday 18 April.  
>

ZY 2230 1649

> Thanks for your help with this. I hope you had a great Easter and I look  
> forward to speaking to you on Tuesday (UK has a bank holiday on Monday).  
>  
> Best wishes  
>  
>  
> Penny Read  
> PS I'm sending this from my parents' machine in Belgium so when replying  
> pse send this to my C&W address (in the cc) - thanks  
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